



TECHNICAL SERVICE MANUAL

NG DP

MODELS:

ALFA - GALA - DELTA - SUPER STAR

NDP 20

NG DP 30

NG DP 35

NG DP 45

NG DP 60

NG DP 80

NG DP 110

NG DP 150

NG MDP 150 (MODULAR)

CAREFULLY READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL SINCE THEY PROVIDE IMPORTANT INFORMATION RELATIVE TO SAFETY DURING INSTALLATION, USE, AND MAINTENANCE.

THIS APPLIANCE SHOULD BE INSTALLED BY APPROVED TECHNICAL SERVICE PERSONNEL.



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1. INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing ITV's NG DP Ice Cube Maker.

You have purchased one of the most reliable ice-making products on the market today. Carefully read the instructions contained in this manual since they provide important information relative to safety during installation, use, and maintenance.

1.1. Warnings

This appliance should be installed by approved Technical Service Personnel.

This plug should be accessible at all times.

To reduce the risk of electrical shock, ALWAYS disconnect the machine BEFORE cleaning or maintaining the equipment. Do not attempt to install, service, or modify this machine. Improper use by other than specially trained technicians is extremely dangerous and may result in a fire or electric shock.

This machine should not be placed outdoors or exposed to rain.

Connect to drinking water mains.

This appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm persons without supervision.

Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

IMPORTANT!

- DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SERVICE THIS MACHINE AS IT IS DANGEROUS AND COULD CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO THE UNIT.
- •SERVICE SHOULD ONLY BE CARRIED OUT BY TRAINED, QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.
- •WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND USING ONLY ORIGINAL REPLACEMENT PARTS AVAILABLE FROM AN AUTHORIZED DISTRIBUTOR.
- •WASTE AND OTHER MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO LOCAL REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR WASTE DISPOSAL.
- •CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE ARE NOT COVERED BY THE WARRANTY.



1.2. Descripción

Main Features of the Machine

- Stainless steel body AISI 304 and chapa galvanizada.
- Anti-blocking spray nozzles.
- Pump without seals.
- High pressure safety pressostats even in air-cooled machine.
- Large condensers (work well at high ambient temperatures; and reduce cooling water consumption in water-cooled machines).
- TRANSPARENT CUBES with most of the water mains.

ALFA CUBE GALA CUBE DELTA CUBE SUPER STAR CUBE









1.3. Operating principle

WHEN SWITCHING ON THE MACHINE FOR THE FIRST TIME, THE MACHINE SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE DEFROSTING STAGE. To do so, turn the wheels on the timer until the microswitches are depressed.

- At this moment, the compressor is working; the water inlet valve and hot gas inlet valve are both open. The water bin fills with water, any excess is lost via the maximum level overflow.
- After a period of time controlled by the timer the hot gas valve and water inlet valve are closed. The pump then sends water to the evaporator where the ices cubes are gradually formed. The evaporation temperature slowly descends until it reaches a point where the cycle thermostat is connected and starts the timer. Once this time has elapsed, the defrosting stage (3-4 minutes) begins. The pump is off and the hot gas and water valves are open. Some water is sent to the top of the evaporator to help the cubes unstick.



- Once the defrosting stage is over, the cycle begins again, and so it continues until the bin is full of ice, and contact between the bin thermostat situated at the top of the bin and the ice will stop the machine. The bin thermostat will never stop the machine in mid-cycle.

OPERATING PRINCIPLE FOLLOWING THE ELECTRIC DIAGRAM (TIMER ON DEFROST - MICROSWITCHES DEPRESSED).

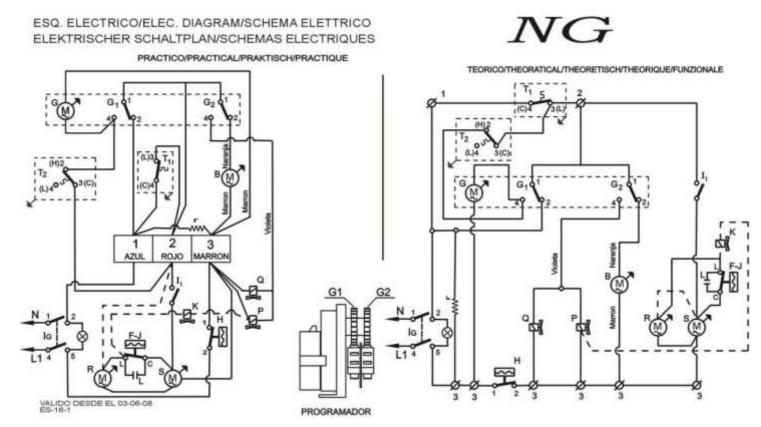
- The ITV model NG has two switches:
- 1st In the frontal side of the machine (with led). This turns the machine on or off when we press it.
- 2nd The second switch is located in the electrical panel. This one stops the condensing unit, but keeps the hydraulic part in operation and allows to do the cleaning of the machine (except in NDP20 model).
- Current reaches the machine via the line connecting the blue (1) and brown (2) terminals. The brown wire connects the compressor and timer motor. The blue wire connects bin thermostat T1 which closes the circuit with 2. A different blue wire goes to 2 on terminal G1 which at this moment is connecting 1 and 4.
- A red wire connects bin thermostat T1 and micros G1 and G2 which close the circuit with 4 and provide current via G1 to the timer G.
- At this point the following are connected:
 - COMPRESSOR (S)
 - ❖ WATER INLET VALVE (P)
 - ♦ HOT GAS VALVE (Q)
 - ❖ TIMER MOTOR (G)
- Since the motor of the timer (G) is working, during 1÷3 minutes the roler of micro of the second water inlet coil (cleaning valve drive) is depressed until the pins release the micro, closing this valve.
- After 2 to 4 minutes micros G1 and G2 will open and close circuits 1-2.



- Via terminal 2 on micro G2, current reaches the pump. Circuit 4 on micro G2 which provides current to the hot gas valve (Q) and water inlet valve (P) will be interrupted. Since the thermostat is between 1 and 3 the timer will receive no current. The compressor continues switched on.
- Air-cooled machines have a fan (R) which is controlled by the pressostat (F).
- In water-cooled models without pressostatic valve, pressostat (J) opens and closes the condenser electrovalve (K).
- Evaporator temperature decreases until the cycle thermostat (T2) set point is reached, at this temperature circuit 1-2 will be closed and timer motor (G) will switch on.
- Once the cycle is over, the pins on the timer wheels will force the micros to change circuits, stopping the pump and opening the hot gas valve and water valve. The combined effect of hot gas and water sprayed on the top of the evaporator will release the ice cubes and change the position of the cycle thermostat (T2).
- The ice production and defrosting cycle will continue until the ice storage bin is full, at which point cycle thermostat (T1) will disconnect the machine, but never <u>during</u> a cycle, but at the beginning of the defrosting stage, since during the production cycle, current will reach the pump via terminals 1-2 of micro G1.
- The machine will remain disconnected until the level of ice in the bin drops below the thermostat because of ice consumption. At this point the bin thermostat T1 changes and the machine will start a new production cycle automatically.



1.4. Wiring diagrams



COMPONENTES

- B Motor bomba
- F Presostato ventil. (solo aire)
- G Motor programador
- G1 Circuito segurid. programador
- G2 Circuito programador
- H Presostato seguridad
- J Presostato condens. (solo agua)
- K Electroval. condens.(solo agua)
- P Electroval, de agua
- Q Electroval, gas callente
- R Motor ventilador
- S Compresor
- T1 Termostato almacen
- T2 Termostato ciclo
- L Condensador filtro
- r Resistencia 20W
- lg Interruptor general
- I I Interruptor de limpieza
- --- para cond. agua

COMPONENTS

- B Motor pump
- F Fan pressostat (air)
- G Cam timer motor G1 Circuit safety timer
- C2 Circuit times
- G2 Circuit timer
- H Safety pressostat
- J Condens. pressostat (water)
 K Condens. electrov. (water)
- P Water electrovalve
- Q Hot gas electrovalve
- R Fan motor
- S Compressor
- T1 Stock thermostat
- T2 Cycle thermostat
- L Filter condenser
- r Resistance
- lg Switch on/off
- 11 Cleaning switch
- ---- for water cond.

BESTANDTEILE

- B Motorpumpe
- F Ventilatorpresostat (nur Luft)
- G Motorprogrammierer
- G1 Sicherheitsstromkreis des Program.
- G2 Stromkreis des Program.
- H Sicherheitspresostat
- J Kondensatorpresostat (nur Wasser)
- K Elektrov. des Kondens. (nur Wasser)
- P Elektrov. für das Wasser
- Q Elektrov. für warmes Gas
- R Motorventilator
- S Kompressor
- T1 Lagerthermostat
- T2 Zyklusthermostat
- L Kondensatorfilter
- r Widerstand
- Ig Schalter An/Aus
- II Reinigungsschalter
 - ----Für Wasser gekühlt

COMPONENTI

- B Motore pompa acqua
- F Pressostato ventola (aria)
- G Motore timer
- G1 Sicurezza timer
- **G2 Timer**
- H Pressostato sicurezza
- J Pressostato sicurezza (acqua)
- K Elettroval, condensatore(acqua)
- P Elettroval. acqua
- Q Elettroval. gas caldo
- R Motoventilatore
- S Compressore
- T1 Termostato contenitore
- T2 Termostato ciclo
- L Condensatore radio disturbi
- r Resistenza
- lg Interruttore generale
- Il Commutatore di pulizia
- --- per cond. acqua

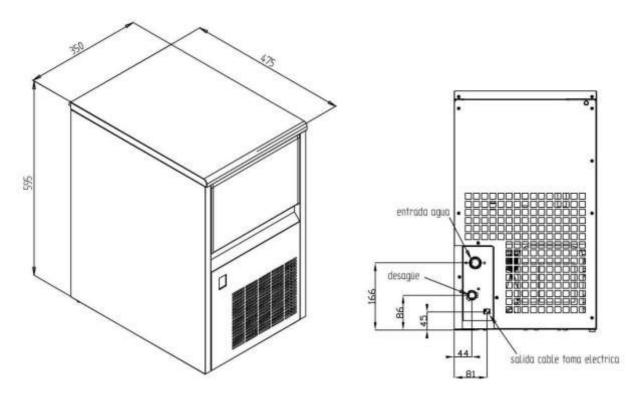
COMPOSANTS

- B Moteur pompe
- F Presostat ventilation (air)
- G Moteur programmeur
- G1 Programmeur securité circuit
- G2 Circuit programmeur
- H Presostat securité
- J Presostat condensation (eau)
- K Electrov. condensation (eau)
- P Electrov. eau
- Q Electrov. gaz chaud
- R Moteur ventilateur
- S Compresseur
- T1 Thermostat stock
- T2 Thermostat cycle
- L Condensateur filtre
- r Resistance
- lg Interrupteur general
- I Interrupteur nettoyage
- --- pour cond. eau

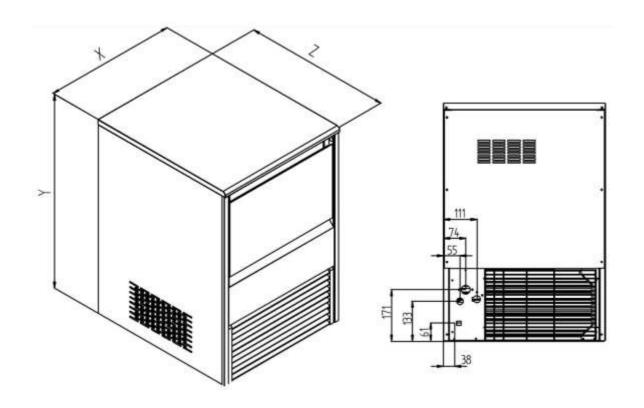


2. SPECIFICATIONS

NDP 20

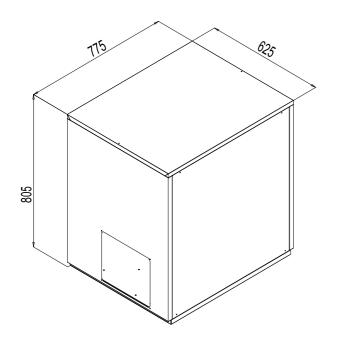


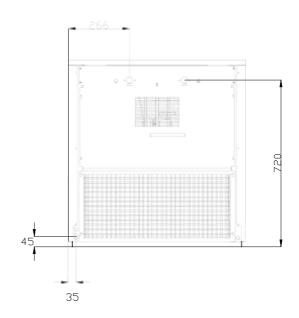
NG DP 30 - 150





NG MDP 150





MODEL	CONSUMP.	CONSUMP.	CONSUMP.	NET	DIMENSIONS	DIMENSIONS	GROSS	VOLUME
	WATER COND	WATER	TOTAL WATER	WEIGHT	MACHINE	PACKAGING	WEIGHT	
	L/HOUR (1)	PROD.	L/HOUR (1)					
		L/HOUR (1)		(KG)		X*Y*Z	(KG)	(M ³)
NDP 20 A		5.1	5.1	36	350x474x592	420x540x725	35	0.20
NDP 20 W	18	5.1	23.1	36	350x474x592	420x540x725	35	0.20
NG 30 A		14	14	39	405x560x770	485x610x790	45	
NG 30W	20	14	34	39	405x560x770	485x610x790	45	
NG 35 A		14	14	42	465x595x795	525x645x920	50	
NG 35 W	20	14	34	42	465x595x795	525x645x920	50	
NG DP 45 A		18.8	18.8	45	465x595x795	525x645x920	53	
NG DP 45 W	24	18.8	42.8	45	465x595x795	525x645x920	53	
NG DP 60 A		28.8	28.8	48	535x595x795	595x645x920	67	0.40
NG DP 60 W	30	28.8	58.8	48	535x595x795	595x645x920	67	0.40
NG DP 80 A		14.6	10.6	58	715x595x945	780x670x1055	78	0.57
NG DP 80 W	54	14.6	68.6	58	715x595x945	780x670x1055	78	0.57
NG DP 110 A		17.2	17.2	89	715x700x1050	780x780x1070	100	
NG DP 110 W	59	17.2	76.2	89	715x700x1050	780x780x1070	100	
NG DP 150 A		22.4	22.4	95	860x700x1050	925x780x1070	105	
NG DP 150 W	62	22.4	84.4	95	860x700x1050	925x780x1070	105	
NG MDP 150 A		22,4	22,4	70	775x625x805	820x700x825	80	
NG MDP 150 W	62	22,4	84,4	70	775x625x805	820x700x825	80	



MODEL	REFRIGER.	HIGH PR	ESSURE	LOW	TOTAL INTENST.	FUSE	POWER	POWER
	CHARGE			PRESSURE	AMPS	SECURITY	COMPRESSOR	ABS
						(TO INSTALL)		
		MIN.	MAX.	AVERAGE	-2		-1	-2
	(GR)				(A)	(A)	(W)	(W)
NDP 20 A	160				2		1/5	325
NDP 20 W	160				2		1/5	325
NG 30 A	230				2		1/4	402
NG 30 W	150				2		1/4	320
NG 35 A	280				3		1/4	440
NG 35 W	280				2	10	1/4	440
NG 45 A	270				4		3/8	580
NG 45 W	270				3		3/8	440
NG DP 60 A	30	15´5 bar	18 bar	2´5 bar	3.7		3/8	590
NG DP 60 W	300				3.2		3/8	460
NG DP 80 A	330				3		1/2	800
NG DP 80 W	260				3		1/2	800
NG 110 A	1100				5		7/8	950
NG 110 W	1000				5		7/8	950
NG 150 A	1500				6		1 3/8	1200
NG 150 W	1000				6		1 3/8	1200
MDP 150 A	1000				6		1 3/8	1200
MDP 150 W	900				6		1 3/8	1200

- (1) Data obtained at room temperature (20°C), water introduced at 15°C; water quality = 500ppm
- (2) Maximum consumption obtained at room temperature=43°C, according to UNE climate classification Class T (TROPICALISED)

NOTE: Expansion controlled by capillary except in modulars models where it is controlled by means of an expansion valve.



2.1. Production Tables

NDP 20

Tw/Ta	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
35	5	7	8	9	10	11	11	11
30	8	10	11	12	13	13	14	13
25	10	12	13	14	15	16	16	16
20	12	14	15	16	17	18	18	18
15	14	16	17	18	19	20	20	20
10	16	17	19	20	21	21	21	21
5	17	18	20	21	22	22	23	23

Tw/Ta	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
35	8	10	12	14	15	16	17	17
30	11	14	16	18	19	20	21	21
25	15	18	20	22	23	24	24	24
20	18	21	23	25	26	27	27	27
15	21	23	26	27	29	30	30	30
10	23	26	28	30	31	32	32	32
5	25	28	30	32	33	34	34	34



NG 35

Tw/Ta	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
35	9	12	14	16	18	19	20	20
30	13	16	19	21	23	24	24	24
25	18	21	23	25	27	28	28	28
20	21	24	27	29	30	31	32	32
15	24	27	30	32	34	35	35	35
10	27	30	33	35	36	37	38	38
5	29	32	35	37	39	40	40	40

Tw/Ta	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
35	11	15	19	21	23	24	25	25
30	17	21	25	27	29	30	31	31
25	23	27	30	32	34	36	36	37
20	27	31	35	37	39	40	41	41
15	32	35	39	41	43	45	45	45
10	35	39	42	45	47	48	49	49
5	38	42	45	48	50	51	52	52



NG 60

Tw/Ta	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
35	15	21	25	28	31	33	33	33
30	23	28	33	36	39	39	41	42
25	30	36	40	43	46	48	49	79
20	37	42	46	50	52	54	55	55
15	42	47	52	55	58	60	60	60
10	47	52	56	60	63	64	65	65
5	51	56	60	64	66	68	69	69

Tw/Ta	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
35	21	28	33	38	41	44	45	45
30	31	38	44	49	52	54	55	55
25	41	48	53	58	62	64	65	65
20	49	56	62	67	70	72	73	73
15	56	63	69	74	77	80	81	81
10	63	70	75	80	83	86	87	87
5	68	75	81	85	89	91	92	92



NG 110

Tw/Ta	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
35	28	38	46	52	57	60	62	62
30	43	53	61	67	72	75	76	76
25	56	66	74	80	85	88	89	89
20	68	77	85	92	96	99	101	101
15	78	87	95	102	106	110	111	111
10	86	96	104	110	115	118	120	119
5	93	103	111	117	122	125	127	126

Tw/Ta	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
35	39	52	63	72	78	82	84	84
30	59	72	83	92	98	102	104	104
25	77	90	101	109	116	120	122	122
20	92	106	116	125	132	136	138	138
15	106	119	130	139	145	150	152	151
10	118	131	142	150	157	161	163	163
5	127	140	151	160	167	171	173	173



3. DELIVERY AND UNPACKING

Upon receipt, thoroughly inspect the packing container. If there appears to be damage to the container contact the shipper immediately. Unpack unit in the presence of delivery personnel noting any damage on the waybill.

ITV packing bears the "Green Point" on all models according to the European Directives on management of Packaging and Waste Disposal.

Be sure to include model name and serial number on all claims. Serial number is located in the following three places:

(1) Packing

There is a label stuck onto the cardboard packing bearing this serial number (1).

(2) Machine body

On the back of the machine (1).

(3) Rating plate and serial number

Located at the back of the machine.

Water cooled machines: check that the drainage hose at the back of the machine is in good condition.

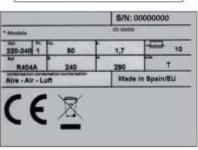
Verify that the installation kit is inside the bin, and has the following pieces: scoop, 3/4' water hose, two small filters and user manual.

In all models there is a large particle filter (5 micres) with accessories, and an ice dispersion cone.

WARNING: DO NOT LEAVE PACKING

MATERIALS (PLASTIC BAGS, CARDBOARD BOXES, ETC.) WITHIN REACH OF CHILDREN.







4. INSTALLATION

4.1. Recommended Placement of Unit

IMPORTANT!

The NG machines are intended to work at room temperature between 5°C and 43°C and with water temperature between 5°C and 35°C.

Difficulties during harvest cycle can appear below these minimum temperatures. Above the maximum temperatures the life of the compressor becomes shorter and the production decreases considerably.

IMPORTANT!

The new box-type frame in NG models allows a better ventilation in the air-cooled machines, due to the fact that the condensers are placed in oblique position in the front part of the machine.

The machines will work properly even if they are located in places with little ventilation at the rear and lateral sides. The air is expelled by the front grill. Bear in mind the previous remarks if the premises where the machine is located is very dusty or smoky



The floor on which the machine will be place should be solid and as leveled as possible.

4.2. Water and Drainage

Connecting Unit To Water Source

- Use 1.3 m. flexible tube (with the two filters attached) provided. NOTE: We advise using a single faucet fixture.
- Water pressure should be between 0.7 and 6 Kgs/cm2. (10/85 Psi.)
- If water pressure exceeds these values, installation of appropriate corrective units will be necessary.
- It is important that water tubing does not come close to or in contact with any heat sources or heat generated by unit as this could decrease production.

Connecting Unit To Drain (Water -cooled Models)

• Drain must be located at least 150mm below machine level. Drain tube must have an inner diameter of 30mm and a minimum gradient of 3 cm per metre.(3%).

4.3. Electrical connection

- The Unit is provided with a 1.5 m cord and schucko socket. If the cord is damaged should be replaced by a cord or special assembly supplied by the manufacturer or after-sales service.
- It is strongly recommended to leave a minimum space between the rear side and the wall in order to have an easy access to the plug without risks.
- It is advisable to install a switch and adequate fuses. Nominal voltage and intensity are indicated on rating plate as well as on this manual's technical pages. Voltage fluctuations greater than 10% can cause problems or prevent machine from starting.
- The Line to base of plug must have a minimum section of 2.5 mm².
- Be sure voltage indicated on rating plate corresponds to that of mains supply.

IMPORTANT!

Supply socket must be properly earthed. Be sure to check standard for country where appliance is going to be installed.



5. OPERATION

5.1. Preliminary Checks

- a) Is machine levelled?
- b) Are voltage and frequency of mains supply the same as indicated on rating plate?
- c) Is drainage system working properly?
- d) Is air circulation and room temperature adequate? (Air-cooled models)

	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM
AMBIENT	43° C (109.4°F)	5° C (41°F)
WATER	35°C (95°F)	5°C (41°F)

e) Is water pressure adequate?

MAXIMUM 0.7 bar

MINIMUM 6 bar

NOTE: To install a pressure reducer If water inlet pressure is more than 6 bar.

ATENTION: Check that voltage and mains frequency is the same as in the rating plate.

5.2. Starting up

Having followed the installation instructions (ventilation, temperature, room conditions, water quality, etc...), proceed as follows:

- 1) Open water faucet. Check for leaks.
- 2) Plug machine into electricity mains supply.
- 3) Switch on the machine (the switch is in the front of the machine).
- 4) Ensure that there are no strange vibrations or scraping sounds.



- 5) Check that the water curtain moves freely.
- 6) Verify that the nozzles send water to the evaporator in the correct direction (uniform fans).
- 7) After 10 minutes, check that the water tank has no leaks from the maximum level spillway.
- 8) For the correct operation of the machine, it may be necessary to carry out 2-3 cycles so that it stabilizes in an optimal production of ice.

IMPORTANT!

ADVISE THE FINAL USER ON MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES WHICH **ARE NOT INCLUDED IN WARRANTY**, AS WELL AS THOSE BREAKDOWNS CAUSED BY NEGLECT OF PROPER MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES.

6. ADJUSTMENTS

6.1. Condenser water pressure valve

- This pressure switch controls high pressure by opening and closing the condenser water valve. Differential is a fixed 1 Bar (14 psi.).
- The valve closes at 15 Bar (214 psi), which is equivalent to a condensation water exit temperature of 38°C (100°F). Below this pressure it will be difficult to unstick the cubes during the defrosting cycle.
- Above this pressure, compressor life and ice production are both reduced.

Pressure can be increased by turning the small screw on the pressure switch clockwise. A full turn is equivalent to about 1.5 Bar.

6.2. Fan pressure switch (air-cooled models)

Pressure Control operates on high pressure by starting and stopping fan. Differential is a fixed (1 Bar or 14 psi.).

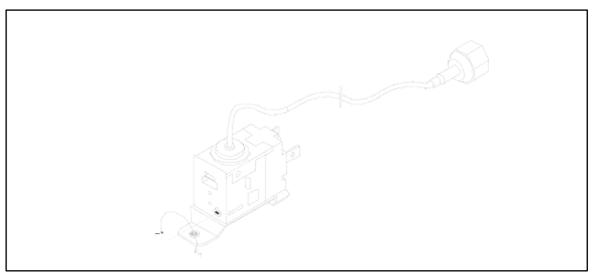
Cut-off pressure must be 15 Bar (214 psi). Low pressure values may cause difficulties during harvest cycle. Higher pressure values may shorten compressor life and diminish ice production.





Pressure can be regulated by rotating screw on Pressure Control Valve (clockwise to increase pressure). One full turn is equivalent to about 1.5 Bar.

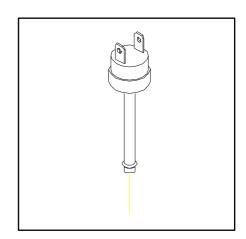




Safety pressure switch

This safety device trips when discharge pressure is too high. Pressure might exceed the limit when:

- a) Air circulation is not sufficient, room temperature is too high or condenser is dirty (air cooled models).
- b) There is not enough water in the system or water temperature too high in water cooled models.



HIGH PRESSURE REGULATION (fixed):

3030-22 Bar (from model 110 part # 2683) 27-21 Bar (380-296 psi.)



7. MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT!

**Maintenance and cleaning procedures as well as problems derived from failing to carry them out are not covered by the warranty.

Proper maintenance is essential to obtain favorable ice quality and optimum functioning of unit. Frequency depends on water quality and characteristics of room where unit is installed.

** Maintenance/cleaning procedures should take place at least once every six months. If concentration of air pollutants is high, complete procedures on a monthly basis.

MAINTENANCE TABLE

ACTION	MONTHLY	BIMONTHLY	SEMIANNUAL	ANNUAL	BIENNIAL	TIME
Air condenser						30 minutes
cleaning						
Water condenser						90 minutes
cleaning						
Injectors cleaning						30 minutes
Fabrication head filter						30 minutes
cleaning						
Water circuit						45 minutes
cleaning						
Sanitary cleaning						30 minutes
Water filter						30 minutes
cleaning/replacement						
Stock deposit						
cleaning						-
General unit cleaning						-

Essential	
Depending on room characteristics	
Depending on water quality	
Carried out by owner	

Maintenance and cleaning procedures as well as problems derived from failing to carry them out **ARE NOT COVERED BY THE WARRANTY**. Service personnel will invoice you for travel expenses, time invested and materials required for maintenance and cleaning of unit.



8. MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING PROCEDURES

WARNING: Unit should always be disconnected during maintenance/cleaning procedures.

8.1. Water condenser

- 1) Disconnect machine.
- 2) Close water faucet.
- 3) Disconnect water entry/exit from condenser.
- 4) Prepare a solution of 50% phosphoric acid in distilled water.
- 5) Distribute solution through condenser. (Solution is more effective at 35°-40℃).

WARNING!

DO NOT USE HYDROCHLORIC ACID

8.2. Air condenser

- 1) Disconnect machine.
- 2) Close water faucet.
- 3) Clean condenser using a vacuum cleaner, soft brush and/or low-pressure air.

8.3. Evaporator / Water Through

- 1) Switch off the electric panel and place the timer in defrosting position.
- 2) Remove the top cover.
- 3) Place the overflow pipe. Remove the evaporator cover.
- 4) Prepare a solution of 50% phosphoric acid in distilled water. Do not use hydrochlorate acid. Pour slowly this solution in the upper part of the evaporator, until it overflows in the water tray. The mixture is more effective with the water between 35°C. and 40°C.
- 5) Let solution stand for 10 minutes.
- 6) Remove the overflow pipe and wait until the tray is empty. Put again the overflow pipe. (In



- machines provided with discharge valve should be activated manually).
- 7) Refill the water tray to the maximum level with the same solution. Connect the machine (close faucet) and wait 20 minutes.
- 8) Open faucet, put the timer forward up to the harvest cycle and once the ice has fallen disconnect the machine and put the timer in defrosting position.

WARNING:** Discard ice produced during cleaning procedure.

NOW STARS THE SANITARY CLEANING

- 9) Connect the machine once it has finished entering water, remove the evaporator cover and pour lye (one glass). Wait for 20 minutes.
- 10) Put the timer foward up to defrosting position. Once the ice has fallen, THROW AWAY THIS ICE and let the machine produce another complete cycle.

IMPORTANT: ** Discard ice produced during this procedure.

- 11) Clean and assemble all the components. Verify that the grill is cleaned and that cubes slide properly. Check that any strip gets blocked in the curtain. Check and/or change the water inlet filters.
- 12) Check the adjustments of the cycle thermostat (cubes more or less filled) and that at the end of the cycle the frost is closed to the compressor.
- 13) CHECK THAT THE NOZZLES ARE PROPERLY PLACED, THAT THE FORMED WATER FANS ARE UNIFORM AND ALL EQUAL. If necessary, disassemble, clean and put again in the right position.

8.4. Cleaning the ice bin

- 1) Unplug the machine, turn off water supply, and empty storage bin of ice.
- 2) Wipe with a kitchen cloth soaked in lye and detergent.
- 3) If white lime stains do not vanish, rub with some lemon or vinegar, wait for a few minutes and wipe with the cloth again. Rinse with plenty of water, dry, and run the machine.

8.5. Cleaning the outside of the machine

Follow the same procedure as for the ice bin.



8.6. Spray nozzles and connecting pipes

- 1) Remove the curtain (it can be cleaned with vinegar or phosphoric acid, rinse, clean with lye, rinse)
- 2) Remove the metal grill and clean likewise.
- 3) PULL UPWARDS THE CONNECTING PIPE. IT HAS BEEN ASSEMBLED BY PRESSING IT INTO PLACE.
- 4) Disassemble the nozzles and the connecting tube covers and clean them.
- 5) Disassemble and clean the main filter of the production unit. (IT IS ASSEMBLED BY PRESSING IT INTO PLACE)
- 6) Assemble the filter, nozzles and connecting tube.

ATTENTION: IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT SPRAY NOZZLES ARE COMPLETELY PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONNECTING TUBES, OTHERWISE THE CUBES AT THE ENDS MAY NOT RECEIVE WATER.

- 7) Place the grill over the nozzles, with the back slots secure.
- 8) Install the curtain, ensuring that all of the strips can move freely.
- 9) Run the machine but DISCARD THE FIRST SET OF ICE CUBES

8.7. Cleaning the water inlet filters

These round wire gasket filters placed on either end of the water hose to mains, often become blocked in the first few days of use, Especially When The Plumbing Installation Is New. Clean them under a jet of water.

8.8. Checking for water leaks

This must be done whenever maintenance is carried out on the machine: check all water connections, braces, tubes and hoses in order to eliminate leaks and prevent breakages and flooding.



9. SPECIAL ADVICE CONCERNING R-404A REFRIGERANT

- R-404A is a mixture of 3 liquid-phase gases. On evaporating, the 3 component gases separate
- Always use the liquid phase valve (at the end of condenser or accumulator) for refills and purges.
- When replacing a compressor, wash inside of circuit with a suitable solvent + pump, dry with nitrogen gas, REPLACE THE DRIER WITH ONE SUITABLE FOR R-404A, which must also have ANTI-ACID properties.
- If you need to add oil, use one which is specific for R-404A (POE). If you are in doubt, contact the machine manufacturer.
- If there is a leak anywhere in the circuit where R-404A in the GAS phase, and a refill of over 10% is required, then ALL THE GAS IN THE CIRCUIT MUST BE PURGED AND THEN REFILL AS DESCRIBED PREVIOUSLY (LIQUID PHASE VALVE)



10. TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM POSSIBLE CAUSES		SOLUTION	
1) None of the electrics work.	A) The machine is not plugged in.	A) Plug the machine.	
	B) The line fuse has blown.	B) Replace fuse.	
	C) The current line is wrongly	C) Check connections.	
	connected in the junction box.		
	D) The cut off micro-switch is faulty or	D) Check, adjust or change.	
	wrongly adjusted.		
	E) Safety pressure switch faulty.	E) Replace.	
2) All the electrics work except	A) Check switch installed in electrical	A) Select position 1	
compressor.	panel.		
	B) Faulty relay .	B) Replace relay.	
	C) Faulty "Klixon".	C) Replace Klixon.	
	D) Faulty compressor.	D) Replace compressor.	
3) All the electrics work but the	A) Voltage too low.	A) Check voltage.	
compressor "klixons"	B) Dirty condenser.	B) Clean condenser.	
	C) Obstruction in air circulation.	C) Move machine to a correct position.	
	D) Fan has broken.	D) Replace fan.	
	E) Starter capacitor faulty.	E) Replace condenser.	
	F) Fan pressure swtich faulty or	F) Replace or adjust pressure switch	
	wrongly adjusted.		
	G) Water pressure switch valve	G) Replace or adjust.	
	faulty or wrongly adjusted.		
	H) Cooling water pressure switch is	H) Adjust or change.	
	faulty or badly adjusted.		
	J) Non-condensable gases in system.	J) Purge system.	
	A) Unprimed pump.	A) Check overflow, water bin for leaks,	
running correctly but no ice is		water entry valve and prime the	
being made in the		pump.	
evaporator.	B) Faulty pump.	B) Replace.	
	C) Water does not enter into the bin.	C) Check water entry valve and change	
		if is necessary.	
	D) There is water in the gas circuit.	D) Replace the drier, empty the	
		refrigerant (vacuum) and charge	
		new refrigerant.	
	E) Water tray is dry.	E) Check overflow pipe and for leaks.	
		Inspect draining valve in machines	
		with automatic cleaning system.	
		Check the buoy valve mechanism	
	E) Franzing avotom in facility (district	in DP90 and DP140.	
	F) Freezing system is faulty (dirty		
	condenser, water pressure switch or entrance valve faulty or	system components: pressure switch, water inlet valve, refrigerant	
	or entrance valve faulty or wrongly adjusted insufficient		
	ı wrongiy aujusteu insullicient	Grange, etc.	



5)	Ice cubes form correctly but do	A) Faulty hot gas valve or wrongly	A) Verify and change if necessary.
	not unstick.	connected.	7.17 Verify and change in necessary.
		B) Low water pressure.	B) Increase water pressure if possible. (This can often be done by removing flowmeter on faucet).
		C) Fan pressure switch or condensation pressure switch	C) Adjust or replace.
		D) Faulty condensation water inlet valve (water cooled machines without pressure switch water valve)	
		E) Faulty water pressure switch valve or too open (water cooled machines with this valve)	
		F) Room or water temperature below 7°C.	F) Increase the defrost time.
		G) Faulty timer or micros.	G) Check and replace if necessary.
		 Production time too long. The cubes have flash outside the mold. 	Adjust by reducing time to the cycle thermostat.
		Dirty water inlet filters.	I) Clean filters.
6)	Low ice production.	Blocked condenser or air access to condenser.	A) Clean condenser; improve air circulation by lifting machine from floor and moving away from walls and hot air sources.
		B) In water-cooled machines: dirty condenser, badly adjusted valve,	B) Clean condenser; check, adjust or replace.
		pressure switch t, faulty water inlet	0) Deviles
		C) Faulty hot gas valve, doesn't close totally.	C) Replace.
		 Faulty fan or pressure switch, faulty inlet cooling water valve. 	Check fan and re-adjust pressure switch t or replace.
		E) Refrigerant charge too high or too low.	E) Adjust.
		F) Faulty water inlet valve: leaks and does not close fully.	F) Check and replace.
		G) Inefficient compressor.	G) Replace.
	ce cube are so large that they stick together and form a plate of	A) Start of cycle thermostat adjusted too low or faulty.	Adjust and/or replace.
	ice	B) Timer wheels do not run.	B) Tighten screws on timer.
		C) Faulty timer motor.	C) Check and replace.
		 Faulty micros on timer or wrongly connected. 	D) Verify connections and/or change.
	Ice cubes are too large.	Cycle thermostat adjusted too high.	A) Adjust thermostat.
	Ice cubes are not completely finished.	Cycle thermostat adjusted too low.	Adjust thermostat.
		B) Low refrigerant charge.	B) Add refrigerant until there is frost formation 5 cm from the compressor at the end of the cycle.
10)	Ice cubes are empty, rough edges and very white.	 A) Insufficient water in water pan; unprimed pump. 	A) Eliminate water leak.
		B) Obstructed spray nozzles.	B) Clean nozzles.
		 The curtain strips does not fully close and lose water. 	C) Adjust the curtain strips or clean the axle (it may has calcareous impurities that avoid a smooth turn of the strips).
	Machine doesn't stop even when bin is full.	A) Faulty bin thermostat or wrongly adjusted.	A) Adjust and/or replace.
	Ice cubes melt in bin.	Obstruction in drains (inside the machine or in premises).	A) Unblock.